



C# Concepts →

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Deque



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Deque (Double-Ended Queue) is a type of data structure that allows insertion and removal of elements from both the front and rear. In C#, it can be implemented using `LinkedList<T>` and `List<T>`.

Creating a Deque using LinkedList Class

To create a deque in C#, use `LinkedList<T>`, where `T` defines the type of elements stored.

```
LinkedList<T> deque = new LinkedList<T>();
```

- `T` : Specifies the element type.

Example

The below example shows how to implement deque using `LinkedList`.

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;

class Program {
```

```
static void Main() {  
    LinkedList<int> deque = new LinkedList<int>();  
  
    // Adding elements to the front  
    deque.AddFirst(1);  
    deque.AddFirst(2);  
  
    // Adding elements to the back  
    deque.AddLast(3);  
    deque.AddLast(4);  
  
    // Removing elements from the front  
    int front = deque.First.Value;  
    deque.RemoveFirst();  
  
    // Removing elements from the back  
    int back = deque.Last.Value;  
    deque.RemoveLast();  
  
    foreach (int value in deque) {  
        Console.WriteLine(value);  
    }  
}
```

Output:

```
1  
3
```

Creating a Deque using List Class

To create a deque in C#, use `List<T>`, where `T` defines the type of elements stored.

```
List<T> deque = new List<T>();
```

- T : Specifies the element type.

Example

The below example shows how to implement deque using List .

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;

class Program {
    static void Main() {
        List<int> deque = new List<int>();

        // Adding elements to the front
        deque.Insert(0, 1);
        deque.Insert(0, 2);

        // Adding elements to the back
        deque.Add(3);
        deque.Add(4);

        // Removing elements from the front
        int front = deque[0];
        deque.RemoveAt(0);

        // Removing elements from the back
        int back = deque[deque.Count - 1];
        deque.RemoveAt(deque.Count - 1);

        foreach (int value in deque) {
            Console.WriteLine(value);
        }
    }
}
```

Output:

```
1  
3
```

Codebyte Example

Use this example to experiment with implementing a `Deque` using `LinkedList`. Enjoy coding!

C_

< Code

Output >

```
1  using System;  
2  using System.Collections.Generic;  
3  
4  public class Example  
5  {  
6      public static void Main()  
7      {  
8          LinkedList<int> deque = new Link  
9  
10         // Add elements to the front and  
11         deque.AddLast(10); // Rear  
12         deque.AddFirst(5); // Front  
13         deque.AddLast(15); // Rear  
14
```

Run

All contributors



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